## 3.—Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1935-39) Dollars 1939-54

(Millions of dollars)

Item	1939	1944	1946	19501	1951	1952r	1953r	1954	
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services.	3,820	5,030	6,189	7,022	6,978	7,382	7,796	7,998	
Government expenditure on goods and services	742	4,001	1,484	1,375	1,713	2,149	2,137	2,063	
Gross Domestic Investment— New residential construction New non-residential construction New machinery and equipment. Change in inventories	180 164 247 338	150 204 298 —77	225 330 467 226	340 554 784 303	290 606 890 453	284 699 969 220	372 738 1,031 284	407 726 849 —120	
Exports of goods and services	1,494	2,614	2,079	2,027	2,215	2,448	2,440	2,344	
Deduct: Imports of goods and services	-1,330	-2,450	-1,930	-2,095	-2,342	-2,426	-2,637	-2,508	
Residual error of estimate and adjusting entries	+ 9	-49	-25	+20	+132	-48	-27	-34	
Gross National Expenditure in Constant Dollars	5,664	9,721	9,045	10,330	10,935	11,677	12,134	11,725	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Newfoundland included from 1950.

Personal Income, Expenditure and Saving.—Although earnings from current production, as measured by the national income tabulations, were lower in 1954 (reflecting mainly the drop in accrued net income of farm operators and in corporation profits), the flow of income payments to persons was maintained and personal income amounted to \$18,173,000,000, a figure slightly higher than that for 1953. This stability in personal income resulted from the fact that labour income and interest and net income of persons were higher in 1954 and that, despite a drop in corporation profits, dividend payments to persons increased somewhat. Furthermore there was also a substantial increase in transfer payments from government, particularly in unemployment insurance benefits; transfer payments of \$1,601,000,000 in 1954 compared with \$1,460,000,000 in 1953.

As personal direct taxes remained at about the same level in 1954, personal disposable income, which amounted to \$16,747,000,000, was maintained in that year. Personal savings dropped to \$1,071,000,000 from \$1,600,000,000 in 1953 and constituted  $6\cdot 4$  p.c. of personal disposable income compared with  $9\cdot 6$  p.c. in 1953. With stability in income and a decline in the proportion of income saved, personal expenditure on consumer goods and services continued its upward trend.

4.—Sources of Personal Income 1939-54

(Millions of dollars)

		100						
Item	1939	1944	1946	19501	1951	1952r	1953r	1954
Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income.  Deduct: Employer and employee contri-	2,575	4,940	5,323	8,311	9,716	10,868	11,706	11,989
butions to social insurance and govern- ment pension funds.	-35	-133	-149	-256	-329	-358	-390	-395
Military pay and allowances	32	1,068	340	137	201	270	309	367
Net income received by farm operators from farm production	435	1,206	1,090	1,402	2,108	1,882	1,658	1,085

For footnote, see end of table, p. 1091.